Planning for your retirement

Martyn Slaughter (Capita)



Today's Session

What we'll be covering:

- What's the value of my pension?
- Calculating your pension benefits
- Your retirement options & taking your retirement benefits
- What happens next?



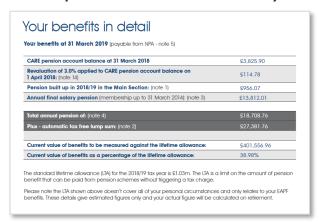
What's the value of my pension?

- Process for your retirement can be daunting
 - First step = finding out how much you've saved in your pension pot
- You can do this in a number of ways:
 - Check your latest annual pension statement (to 31 March)
 - Log in to EAPF online and use the 'Retirement illustrator'
 - Request an estimate from Capita or your HR representative
- Also, how much will you get from the DWP on reaching State Pension age?

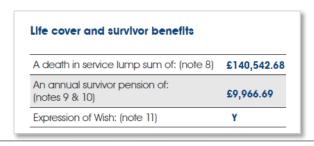
Your annual pension statement

- Helps you keep track of how much you've built up in the Scheme
 - o pension statements provided every year.

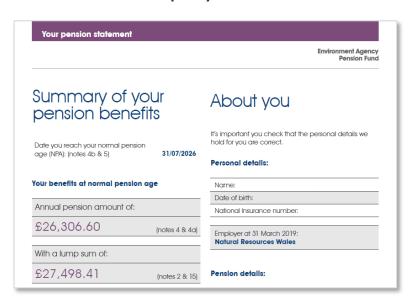
Current pension at 31 March each year:



An estimate of death and survivor benefits:

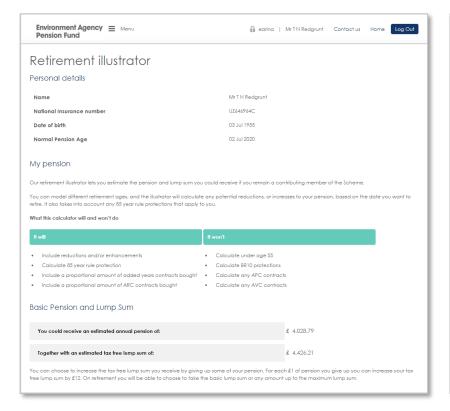


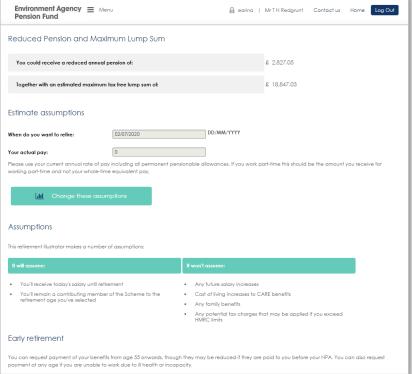
Potential benefits up to your NPA:



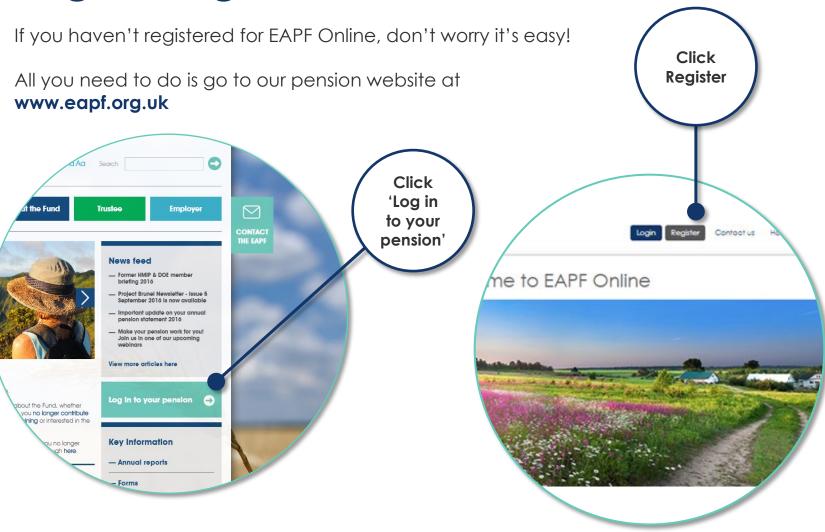
Register online to view your statements at www.eapf.org.uk

Using the retirement illustrator

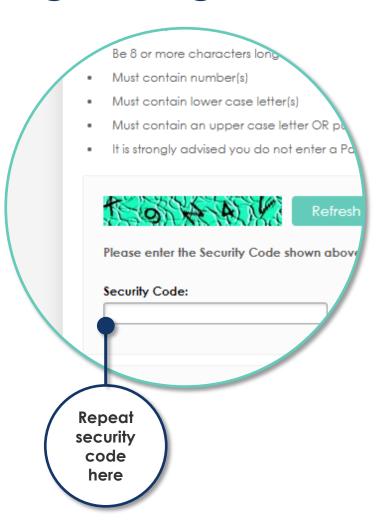


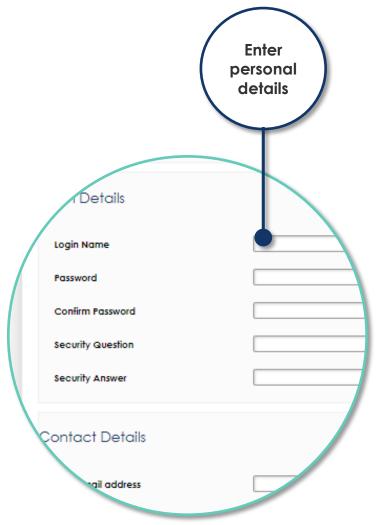


Registering for EAPF Online



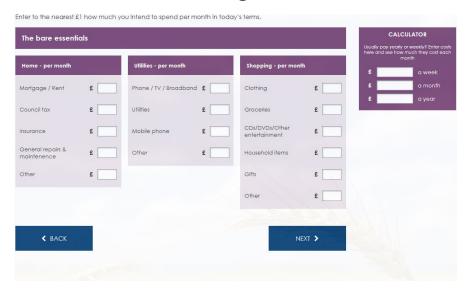
Registering for EAPF Online





Would you live comfortably on your estimated pension?

- The EAPF's retirement budget planning tool helps you consider expenditure now vs in retirement
- You can input other savings held elsewhere for an accurate picture
- Great tool for general financial awareness and future planning

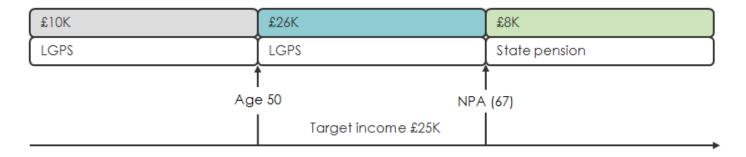


Find the tool online to budget for your retirement www.budgetplanner.eapf.org.uk/



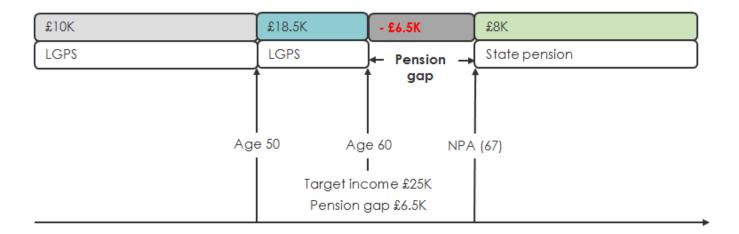
What you want vs. what you'll get – identifying your 'gap'

To NPA



What you want vs. what you'll get – identifying your 'gap'

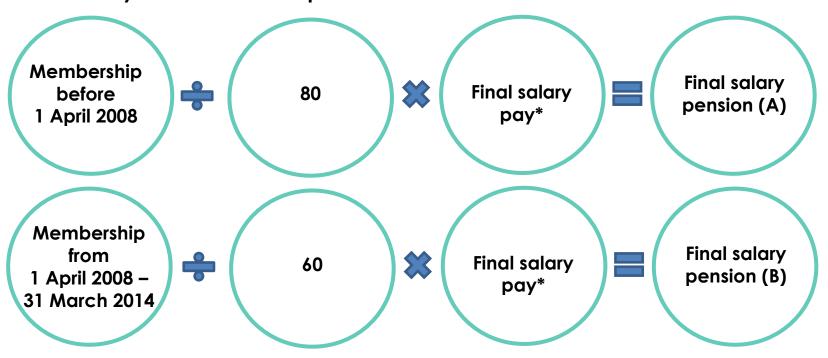
To age 60



Pay in more = get more out!

| | AVC | APC (extra) | APC (lost) | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| What you'll get Value of contributions paid & investments | | Guaranteed pension | Guaranteed pension | |
| What are the good points? | Flexible contributions Different ways of using it (inc.100% tax free cash) | Additional pensionInflation proofedIll health cover | ER contributes 2/3rds Additional pension Inflation proofed Ill health cover | |
| What are the bad points? | Few guarantees | Can be expensiveOnce started, not flexibleReduced if taken early | Once started, not flexibleReduced if taken early | |
| Limits on what you can you buy/pay? | | £7,026 extra pension | Amount of lost pension (falls within £7,026 limit) | |

Final salary benefits – built up to 31 March 2014



A + B =Total final salary pension

 $3 \times A =$ Automatic lump sum

PLUS – there's the career average pension, you've built up, too!

^{*}Linked to final salary on leaving contributing membership

Career average pension – built up from 1 April 2014

Pensionable Pay for Scheme Year 1/49 = Annual Pension

| Pensionable Pay | Divided by | Annual pension | Total in account @ end of year 1 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--|
| £23,000 | 49 | £469 | £469 |

Pensionable Pay for Scheme Year 2 / 49 = Annual Pension Plus, Revalued Annual Pension for Year 1

| Pensionable Pay | Divided by | Annual pension | Revalue previous year(s) | Previous year(s) revalued pension | Total in account @ end of year 2 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| £23,500 | 49 | £480 | | | |
| | | | £469 + 1.2% = | £475 | £955 |

Continues to retirement Revalued in line with CPI



Example

Emma, who joined the EAPF on 1 April 2000, leaves the EA's employment on 30 September 2019.

Final salary pension

| | | = £5.160 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Post 31 March 2008 pension: | 6 years / 60 x £25,800 | = £2,580 |
| Pre 1 April 2008 pension: | 8 years / 80 x £25,800 | = £2,580 |

Automatic lump sum (before reductions)

Pre 1 April 2008 lump sum (only): $£2,580 \times 3 = £7,740$

Career average pension

Let's take a look overleaf...

Career average (CARE) pension – built up from 1 April 2014

| Scheme year (1 | Pens. Pay | Divide by | CARE pension | Inflation applied to CARE pension on 1 April each year | | | ich year | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| April – 31 March) | received in year | (accrual rate) | built up in year | 2015 (1.2%) | 2016 (-0.1%) | 2017 (1%) | 2018 (3%) | 2019 (2.4%) |
| 2014/15 | £23,000 | 49 | £469.59 | £475.02 | £474.55 | £479.29 | £493.67 | £505.52 |
| 2015/16 | £23,500 | 49 | £479.59 | | £479.11 | £483.90 | £498.42 | £510.38 |
| 2016/17 | £24,000 | 49 | £489.80 | | | £494.69 | £509.53 | £521.76 |
| 2017/18 | £24,600 | 49 | £502.04 | | | | £517.10 | £529.51 |
| 2018/19 | £25,300 | 49 | £516.33 | | | | | £528.72 |
| 2019/20 | £12,850* | 49 | £262.24 | | | | | |

^{*}Leaves on 30 September 2019

Example (continued)

Emma, who joined the EAPF on 1 April 2000, leaves the EA's employment on 30 September 2019.

Final salary pension

| | | = £5,160 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Post 31 March 2008 pension: | 6 years / 60 x £25,800 | =£2,580 |
| Pre 1 April 2008 pension: | 8 years / 80 x £25,800 | = £2,580 |

Automatic lump sum (before reductions)

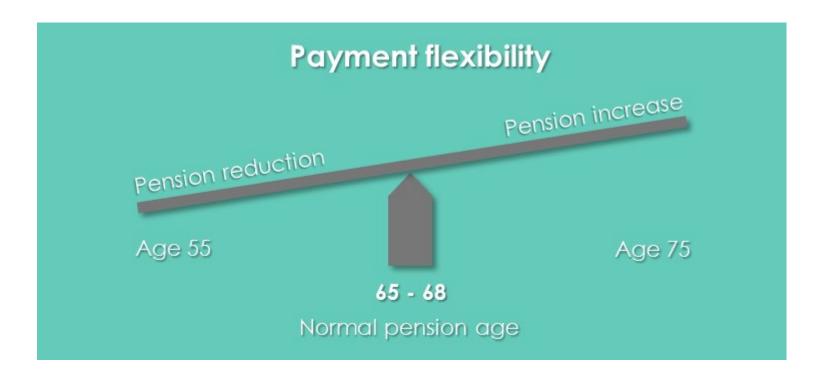
| | Pre | I April 2008 lump sum (| only): | £2,580 x 3 | = £7,740 |
|--|-----|-------------------------|--------|------------|----------|
|--|-----|-------------------------|--------|------------|----------|

Career average pension

| U 1 | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 14/15 pension: | (£23,000 / 49) + inflation | =£505.52 |
| 15/16 pension: | (£23,500 / 49) + inflation | = £510.38 |
| 16/17 pension: | (£24,000 / 49) + inflation | =£521.76 |
| 17/18 pension: | (£24,600 / 49) + inflation | =£529.51 |
| 18/19 pension: | (£25,300 / 49) + inflation | =£528.72 |
| 19/20 pension: | (£12,850 / 49) | = £262.24 |
| • | | = £2,858.13 |

Total annual pension (before reductions): = £8,018.13

Do you know when you can retire?



Normal pension age = Later of 65 or state pension age (<u>www.gov.uk/new-state-pension</u>)

Different ways of taking your pension

Voluntary Options

Voluntary retirement

- o Can choose to retire from age 55
- May be reduced for early payment

Transfer out

- Can choose to transfer your EAPF benefits to another pension scheme
- Must do by no later than
 - 1 year before your NPA
 - Before 75 (if transferring AVCs)
- Some defined contributions scheme may allow for your transferred pension pot to be accessed under 'Pension freedoms'

Different ways of taking your pension

Employer Consent

III health cover

- Payable from any age
- May be enhanced depending on the severity of your condition

Voluntary Early Retirement Scheme

- If you are 55 or over, and you are retired on grounds of business efficiency
- Benefits are paid with no reductions

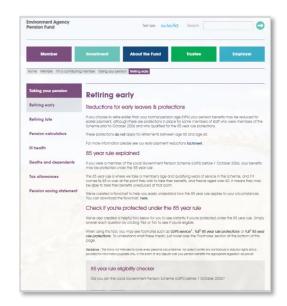
Partial retirement

- If you reduce your hours or move to a less senior position on or after age 55, you can, if your Scheme employer agrees, draw some or all of your benefits
- May help ease you into retirement
- Benefits you receive at that time may be reduced for early payment

Protection for retiring early

85 year rule protections

- Age + service = 85+ (in whole years)
- Over 60
- Member before 1 October 2006
- Protected benefits unreduced from that point
- Reduced protection between age 55 60
- Checker tool available online, to see instantly if you're protected under the 85 year rule
- '85 Year rule explained' flowchart at www.eapf.org.uk





Protection for retiring early

Example

Emma is retiring at 56, but meets the 85-year rule at age 62

Emma is a 'group 3' member, so:

| Period | Retirement age | % reduction (pension) | % reduction (lump sum) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| To 31 March 2008 | 62 (85yr) | 25.7% (6yrs) | 13.3% (6yrs) |
| 1 April 2008 to 31 March 2014 | 65 | 35% (9yrs) | |
| 1 April 2014 - | 67 | 41.6% (11yrs) | |

Emma's pension benefits at retirement (after reductions):

Pre 1 April 2008 pension: £2,580 - 25.7% = £1,916.94Post 31 March 2008 pension: £2,580 - 35% = £1,677Career average pension: £2,858.13 - 41.6% = £1,669.15**Total pension:** £2,858.13 - 41.6% = £5,263.09

Automatic lump sum: £7,740 - 13.3% = £6,710.58

Exchanging pension for lump sum

- Exchange rate is £1 pension = £12 lump sum
- Maximum lump sum subject to HMRC limits
 - o Up to 25% of the 'capital value' can be taken as a lump sum
 - All lump sums within HMRC limits = tax free!
- Can use in-house AVCs to provide additional lump sum
 - In some cases, up to 100% of AVC fund can be paid as a (tax free) lump sum

Exchanging pension for lump sum

Example - no AVCs

Emma's pension benefits at retirement (after reductions):

Pension = £5,263.09Automatic lump sum = £6,710.58

Maximum lump sum = £24,952.74 (+£18,242.16)

Residual pension = £3,742.91 (-£1,520.18)

Emma has the option to receive:

- A pension of between £3,742.91 & £5,263.09; and
- A tax free lump sum of between £6,710.58 & £24,952.74

Exchanging pension for lump sum

Example – using AVCs

Emma's pension benefits at retirement (after reductions):

Pension = £5,263.09Automatic lump sum = £6,710.58

Emma also has an in-house AVC fund of £15,000

Maximum lump sum = £30,309.88 (+£23,599.30)

Residual pension = £4,546.48 (-£716.61)

Your State Pension

- State pension is a flat rate 'single tier' pension of £168.60 pw (2019/20 rate)
- Need 35 qualifying years for a 'full' pension
 - However, you won't get the full amount if you were a member of a 'contracted out' pension scheme before 6 April 2016
- Applies to:
 - Women born after 5 April 1953
 - Men born after 5 April 1951

To calculate or forecast your State pension, contact www.gov.uk/check-state-pension

Will I get the 'full' State Pension?

Before 6 April 2016

- State pension made up of:
 - o 'Basic' state pension (BSP) = flat rate
 - 'Additional' state pension (ASP) = earnings related
- ASP not built up if you were a member of a scheme that was 'contracted out' of the ASP
 - o You paid less NI, so no ASP built up for that period
 - LGPS was 'contracted out' of ASP



Will I get the 'full' State Pension?

Since 6 April 2016

- State pension is a flat rate 'single tier' pension of £168.60 pw (2019/20 rate)
 - Combination of both the 'old' BSP & ASP
 - No ASP to 'contract out' of
 - NI conts. increased for members of schemes that were previously 'contracted out'
- If:
 - You were a member of a 'contracted out' pension scheme before 6 April 2016; or
 - You haven't paid, or been credited with, NI conts. for at least 35 years

your flat rate State pension will be less than the full £168.60

Topping up your State Pension

- You may be able to pay contributions to fill any 'gaps' in your National Insurance records
- The rules concerning eligibility are complex and differ depending on your circumstances
- For more information
 - Visit <u>www.gov.uk/check-state-pension</u>
 - Contact the 'Future pension centre' on 0800 7310175
 - Complete an online enquiry form at <u>www.gov.uk/future-pension-centre</u>

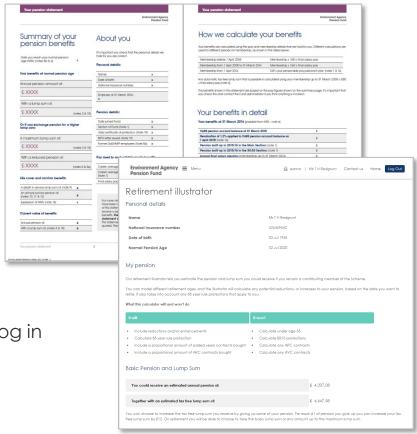
Keeping your savings on track

Top things to check:

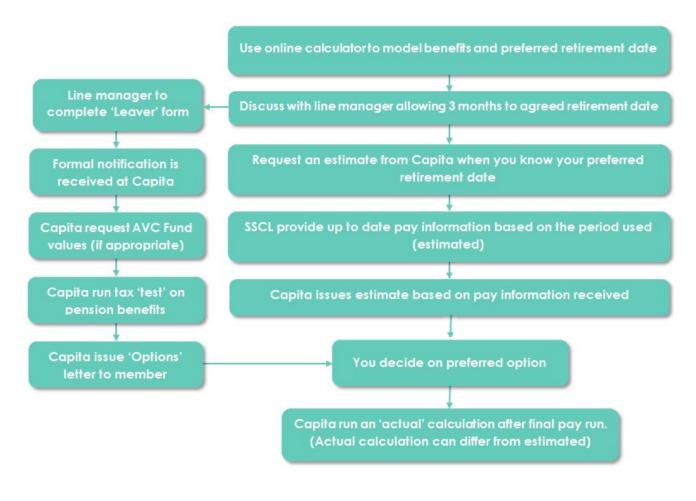
- Pension statement
- Register EAPF Online
- Retirement illustrator
- Nominations
- Pay used to work out benefits

Using our Retirement illustrator lets you have an estimate instantly online.

Visit our website at <u>www.eapf.org.uk</u> to log in or register.



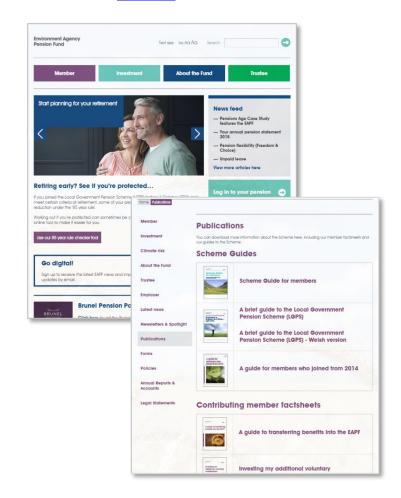
Do you know how to apply?



Resources to find out more

- Visit <u>www.eapf.org.uk</u> to check out our helpful tools and <u>videos</u>
- <u>Publications</u> available online:
 - Explanatory guides & presentations
 - 85 year rule click tool
 - Scheme guides & factsheets





Thank you

Regulatory Statement

- The information contained within this presentation does not constitute financial advice.
- The information provided is based on Capita's understanding of current law and LGPS Regulations, as at 14 October 2019.
- HMRC policy, practice, and legislation may change in the future.

Capita Employee Solutions is a trading name of Capita Employee Benefits Limited and Capita Employee Benefits (Consulting) Limited. Part of Capita plc. www.capita.co.uk. Capita Employee Benefits (Limited and Capita Employee Benefits (Consulting) Limited are registered in England & Wales No: 02260524 and 01860772 respectively. Registered Office: 17 Rochester Row, Westminster, London, SW1P 1QT. Separately authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.